

The meaning of the phraseologism

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The meaning of the phraseologist is not the amount of component values, as in the free phrase - the green field is a green field, but completely different - brew a porridge "Start a complex and unpleasant case", sideways to get out "Do not pass without a trace, bad end." The value flows out of sustainable phrase and expresses one concept. It is one in meaning.

Phraseologists have a property of impermeability: the new component cannot be introduced into their structure. They are characterized by a steady sequence of words.

Other terms for determining phraseological units - Idioma (Greek.- "Special Property"), phraseological unit, phrasema, sustainable phrase, phraseological turnover. In any language, phraseological units are individual, they need to be understood. They are not transferred to another language literally. Views

Conditionally there are several types:

Idioms of expressions that cannot be divided. The meaning appears only in a certain order of words. If the word is replaced by synonym, then the idiom becomes unclear. Example to fool a fool.

Unity of phrases and figurative expressions that are in a certain order become clear. For example, dance for someone else's duff, gnawing the granite of science. But when replacing any word in expression, for example, it is not lost to dance for dancing. Phraseologism will also be understandable.

Combinations These are flexible turnover and words in them are easily changed to synonyms, the meaning when changing words is not lost, everything is obvious and understandable. Lexical meaning of phraseological units

Like words, phraseologisms serve the names of actions, phenomena, states, objects, signs. Part of them combines expressive coloring.

Under expressiveness it is understood as the presence of an estimated component, information "redundancy", in contrast to the neutral word: to push the tail, arguing about high matters - ironic, out of dirt in the prince, break the porridge - disapproving, Martyshkin work, Tolpoon forehead - contemptuously, live smoking, waiting - jokingly.

Phraseologists sound like free phrases. This phenomenon is defined as homonymy:

Lower hands while charging and lower the hands in the meaning "Lose desire to do something";

Cut the fishing rod into the lake and throw a fishing rod in the meaning of "make a hint of anything."

Omonimy will be ideas that have several values: to close the eyes - to be near the dying in the last minutes of life; hide, silence about anything; intentionally not to pay attention, not to notice anything.

Close to the sense of phrase units are combined into synonymous rows. Examples: "very fast" (run, run away) - one leg here, the other there, from all legs, as a fire, from all the blades.

Of the sustainable speech turns, you can also form pairs opposed to the meaning (antonyms): the gustable chick - a shooting sparrow, a soul in the soul - like a cat with a dog, get out of myself - to take yourself in hand, bending my line - to dance under someone else's Dudka. The origin of phraseologism

Sustainable turns are not created spontaneously during oral communications, written speech. These are ready-made lexical units with a certain meaning. The etymology (section of linguistics) is engaged in the study of phraseologism and their origin.